

# The Effectiveness of Invisalign Treatment and Its Disadvantages among Orthodontic Patients in KSA

Zainbganayah Hasan Sulimani<sup>1</sup>, Manal Abdulaziz Murad<sup>2</sup>, Hoda Jehad abousada<sup>3\*</sup>, Rawan Khalid Abujabal<sup>4</sup>, Zahra Hassan Alosaif<sup>4</sup>, Fatimah Adel Madani<sup>4</sup>, Abdulaziz Nasser Alajaji<sup>4</sup>, Mohammad Waleed Aboajmah<sup>4</sup>, Abdulaziz Nizar Ghulam<sup>4</sup>, Raghad Hassan Alsharif<sup>4</sup>, Dina Talal Sroji<sup>4</sup>, Bader Hamad Alkhudhayri<sup>4</sup>, Asrar Saud Alraddadi<sup>4</sup>, Bashayer Abdulrahman Bahamdain<sup>5</sup>, Renad Ahmed Aarayan<sup>5</sup>

> <sup>1</sup>Consultant in restorative and implant dentistry, KSA <sup>2</sup>Assistant professor & consultant Family medicine, KAU, Jeddah, KSA <sup>3</sup>Obstetrics and Gynaecology physician, KAMC, Jeddah, KSA <sup>4</sup>General Dentist, KSA <sup>5</sup>Dental Intern, KSA

ABSTRACT

The aim of the present study is to explore the effectiveness of Invisalign treatment and its disadvantages among orthodontic patients in KSA. The study adopted a qualitative approach that used questionnaires to collect data from 650 orthodontic practitioners from selected orthodontic clinics. The practitioners were asked a number of questions relating to the effectiveness and advantages of Invisalign. They answered the questions based on the experiences they had with their patients, and also based on their own professional experience. Data was analyzed descriptively using Microsoft Excel. The results indicates that most patients prefer Invisalign because effective in treating various dental conditions that include overbite, cross bite, crowded teeth, and gap teeth. The study concluded that Invisalign devices are associated with reduced negative aspects and toxic reactions from gingival tissue, reducing the risk of periodontal disease. This makes them e most preferred orthodontic treatment compared to other orthodontic treatment option.

Key words: Invisalign, Orthodontic, Orthodontic patients, Orthodontic practitioners, Effectiveness, advantages

HOW TO CITE THIS ARTICLE: Zainbganayah Hasan Sulimani, Manal Abdulaziz Murad, Hoda Jehad abousada, Rawan Khalid Abujabal, Zahra Hassan Alosaif, Fatimah Adel Madani, Abdulaziz Nasser Alajaji, Mohammad Waleed Aboajmah, Abdulaziz Nizar Ghulam, Raghad Hassan Alsharif, Dina Talal Sroji, Bader Hamad Alkhudhayri, Asrar Saud Alraddadi, Bashayer Abdulrahman Bahamdain, Renad Ahmed Aarayan, The Effectiveness of Invisalign Treatment and Its Disadvantages among Orthodontic Patients in KSA, J Res Med Dent Sci, 2022, 10(1): 376-381

Corresponding author: Hoda Jehad Abousada E-mail⊠:dr.huda1992@outlook.com Received: 01/12/2021 Accepted: 31/12/2021

#### INTRODUCTION

Over the past few years, innovative changes have been witnessed in the dentistry sector, resulting in various options being discovered that can correct malaligned teeth. Ansari et al. [1] points out that experts have created innovative solutions to solve aesthetic needs of patients that include braces, ceramic, clear aligners, and lingual orthodontics. According to Ansari et al. [1] the most preferred treatment for aesthetic orthodontic is clear aligners. The demand for Invisalign continues to increase daily because of the high number of patients who do not prefer wearing the normal orthodontic appliances. Patients looking for orthodontic treatment are encouraged by esthetic considerations that they can make. A high number of patients that do not like labial fixed devices are increasing opting for esthetic treatment options such as lingual orthodontics and Invisalign applications [2]. As observed by Weir et al. [2], Invisalign technology has continued to attract a lot of public interest since it was emerged in 1999. Many patients prefer Invisalign devices owing to their esthetic attractiveness that is associated by transparency.

Developers of Invisalign technology claim that technology is able to treat various dental conditions that include overbite, cross bite, crowded teeth, and gap teeth and under bite [3]. As noted by Hennessy et al. [4], Invisalign technology uses computer-aided manufacturing (CAM) technology and computer-aided design (CAD) [5]. These new technologies have improved the way the devices work to the degree that patients would not need new impression for each tooth movement. Invisalign applies a tooth alignment technology that allows different tooth designs from a one impression. However, current Invisalign is the most preferred choice of patients in orthodontic treatment little research has been done to prove its effectiveness, advantages, and disadvantages when used by orthodontic patients. Very few studies have been done to show the effectiveness of the Invisalign in treatment of particular issues. Therefore, the current research was necessary to establish the effectiveness of Invisalign treatment and its disadvantages among orthodontic patients in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA). The next sections of the study underlines the problem statement, the aim and objectives of the study, a brief literature review of previous studies, the methodology part, findings from the study, discussion and lastly conclusion.

# Problem statement

After doing a web search on the success of Invisalign therapy and its downsides among Saudi orthodontic patients, there were no clear answers. Only a few study publications on the overall efficacy of Invisalign could be discovered. Invisalign treatment, on the other hand, has been available for more than two decades and is extensively utilized throughout the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. According to the bulk of published research, adult orthodontic patients prefer Invisalign over traditional teeth alignment methods [6,7]. As a result, understanding the technique's efficacy and the consequences of employing it is crucial for students, patients, and professionals. Regrettably, there is little evidence that the technique is successful in achieving its goal. More research is needed to evaluate the effectiveness of the Invisalign treatment method in correcting crooked teeth, as well as its downsides.

#### Aim and objectives

The study aims at ascertaining the efficacy of Invisalign therapy and its drawbacks among orthodontic patients in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

#### **Objectives**

To identify and study the effects of Invisalign therapy on orthodontic patients in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

To investigate the effects and efficacy of Invisalign therapy on orthodontic patients in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

To detect and assess the drawbacks of Invisalign therapy.

# Literature review

Despite the fact that just a few studies on the technique's efficacy are accessible, several research investigations on Invisalign therapy have found that adult orthodontic patients prefer Invisalign to conventional teeth alignment treatments [7,8]. According to the literature examined by Papadimitriou et al. [7], with the exception of non-extraction treatment of mild to moderate malalignments in non-growing persons, there are no clear therapeutic

recommendations to be made based on excellent scientific findings. The study recommended that the results of the accumulated literature be interpreted with care due to their significant heterogeneity. Galan-Lopez et al. [8] discovered only seven studies with intermediate evidence and five with insufficient evidence in a systematic review aimed at determining the precision and efficiency of tooth motions following Invisalign treatment. Ansari et al. [1] also acknowledged that, despite existing recommendations about the types of tooth malalignments/malocclusions that may be corrected with Invisalign, few clinical research have investigated the efficiency of this procedure. Currently, studies have limited sample sizes, and the majority of them do not contain a control group for comparative reasons. Hennessy et al. [4] also cautioned that there is little or no clinical data to back up Invisalign's claims of efficacy. According to Rossini, et al. [9], clear aligner therapy (CAT) efficiently reduces some but not allorthodontic tooth movement. However, because of the quantity, heterogeneity, and poor quality of the studies considered in the research, the conclusions of this comprehensive investigation should be regarded with care. Aljabaa et al. conducted a narrative review on the indications and contraindications of CAT, including its efficiency and drawbacks, patient comfort and acceptability, and root resorption, periodontal health, and stability. The study revealed that CAT has improved over the previous 18 years and continues to improve [10]. As a result, it is an area with minimal study on several dimensions.

# **METHODOLOGY**

Because of its flexibility and subjectivity, this study was conducted retrospectively using a qualitative research technique. Because the study's purpose is to examine the effectiveness and drawbacks of Invisalign therapy among orthodontic patients in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, data from medical practitioners with experience in this field would be the most credible. This information gave indepth understanding on the subject. To collect data, interview questionnaires were be provided to several orthodontic medical practitioners in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. In addition, a literature study on the subject was undertaken in order to have a deeper grasp of the issue, and several healthcare journal databases will be consulted in this case. The most relevant articles were chosen and segregated from the collection of publications used to give evidence on the problem.

#### **Data collection**

The questionnaire was administered to 676 patients who participated in the study. The response rate was high since 651 questionnaires were fully answered and rearmed. The questionnaire were administered across selected orthodontic medical clinics, and it involved orthodontic medical practitioners who had in the last year administered Invisalign and other related systems on patients.

# **Ethical consideration**

When dealing with human being, it is necessary to observe ethical conduct in order to protect the participants. Thus, the consent of the participants was sought first, and their personal information protected. The information obtained was also held confidentially, and only used for the study. The researcher also followed the ethical requirements set by the university when carrying out a study.

# FINDINGS

In the study, majority of the patients preferred Invisalign treatment (51.2%) for their teeth malignment or malocclusion. The second preferences were replacement of the rare teeth (31.0%), followed by use of braces at 11.2%. Only 6.7% participant stated none of the above.

Table 1: Technique do patients who come to your hospital prefer the most in treating teeth malalignment/ Malocclusion.

Technique	Frequency	Percentage
Replacement of the rare teeth	202	31
None of the above	42	6.7
Invisalign Treatment	333	51.2
Braces	73	11.2

The above results (Table 1) are presented in the graph below. As it can be seen, Invisalign treatment is the most preferred by the orthodontic patients followed by replacement of the rare teeth, then braces (Figure 1).



# Figure 1: Showing the different orthodontic techniques.

Most of the orthodontic medical practitioners had handled between 10 and 50 cases from different patients in the last one The practitioners who asked to provide some statistics (cases) they have had handled in the last year. 69 practitioners had handled less than zero cases, 56 practitioners stated that they had handled less than 10 cases, 146 stated they handled 11-20 cases, and 182 reported handling 20-50 cases. Similarly, 151 practitioners stated that they had handled 51-100 cases. Those who had handled over 100 cases were 46. The chart below shows the results when asked if patients had received complains about the ineffectiveness of Invisalign treatment, majority of the dentist answered "no", how a significant number had received complaints from some patients concerning the effectiveness of the Invisalign (Figures 2 and Table 2).



Figure 2: Complains about the ineffectiveness of Invisalign treatment.

Table 2: Cases of patients complaining about the ineffectiveness of Invisalign treatment.

Complaints from patients	Yes	No
Number	482	168
Percentage	74.2	25.8

For the orthodontic medical practitioners, who received complaints from the patients, they were asked that frequency of these complaints. Majority of the orthodontic medical practitioners stated between 11 and 20, and this was followed by 21-51. The frequency of 1-10 was also reported though few, and the least was the frequency of between 50 and 100.

The orthodontic medical practitioners were also asked if they had received any complements about the effectiveness of Invisalign from the patients. An overwhelming majority of 82.6% reported that many patients had given good compliments about Invisalign as shown in the Table 3 below.

# Table 3: Complimenting on the effectiveness of Invisalign treatment by patients.

Complimentary from patients	Yes	No
Numbers	537	113
Percentage	82.6	17.4

When asked to rate the effectiveness of Invisalign on the scale of 1-10, majority of the respondent gave a score of over 5, just a few of the respondents gave a rating of below 5. Similarly, doctors were asked to give their

position on the general effectiveness of Invisalign, 24.7% stated that it highly effective, while 41.2% felt it was moderately effective. This implies that 66% of the doctors felt that Invisalign is effective (Table 5).

Response	Number	Percentage	
Highly effective	161	24.7	
Moderately effective	268	41.2	
Narrowly effective	178	27.4	
Not effective	43	6.6	

# DISCUSSION

There are clear advantages that arise from the use of Invisalign, which were reported from the findings and from the literature review. Generally, from the study, the ideal patients who receive Invisalign devices are adult patients with incisor, placing, crowding, or flaring.

The results from the study indicate that majority of patient's preferred Invisalign braces. These results relates to those of Ansari et al. [1] who noted that Invisalign is the most recommended treatment for different forms of tooth malalignments/malocclusions. A study by Ilijazi et al. [11] reported that an advantage of Invisalign is that they have little or no negative reactions on the gingival tissues. Similarly, Nahoum et al. [12] found that Invisalign appliances had a positive effect on the concerned teeth, and this lowers the possibility of periodontal diseases and hypomineralization since they are do not usually cause oral hygiene measures. This was also established in a study carried out by Kim et al. [13] they concluded that Invisalign caused minimal negative events to a patient already experiencing periodontal diseases. More so, it has been found that the Invisalign do not affect the movement of the tongue, this is better compared to the lingual fixed appliances [14].

The findings from the current study showed the patients from all ages that were survey commonly selected Invisalign. Similar results were reported by lharbi et al. [15]. Who found that patients suffering from esthetic and speech problems preferred the use of Invisalign. A literature review also revealed that Invisalign are normally associated with little discomfort since the braces are regularly removed giving enough opportunity for periodontal ligament to heal in the course of eating, drinking and cleaning of the Invisalign.

A study by Azeem et al. [16], Chen [17] underlined that Invisalign systems ought to be considered basing on symptoms presented by the patient. The situation should also be considered in cases where Invisalign is has limited effectiveness. In the current study, orthodontic medical practitioners reported receiving complements from a many patient who had received Invisalign underlining the effectiveness of Invisalign [18]. This finding echoes those of Khosravi et al. who also reported improvement with buccal occlusions and Invisalign on aligning the anterior of the mouth. The study found that the incisors closing improved, and there was also improvement in mandibular and maxillary extraction sites [6]. Similarly, previous study by Papadimitriou et al. [7] also revealed that patients that had no extraction when exposed to two-week activation regimes together with low baseline peer assessment rating scores reported improvement after a single management through aligner modality. The researchers also noted that Invisalign might not be effective in treatment of some malocclusions as well as some clinical manifestation, underlining its ineffectiveness in some instances.

The current study also established that a high number of patients are going for Invisalign as indicated by the responses from the questionnaires. Indeed, past studies have evidence concerning the effectiveness of applying Invisalign systems in contrast to other treatment systems. Generally, studies have revealed that the management results with Invisalign systems are inferior compared to fixed appliances. Studies have also shown that issues concerning optimization of the occlusal defects and management of discrepancies arising from anteroposterior skeletal cannot be addressed using Invisalign systems [14,19]. This implies that in some cases Invisalign is not effective. This relates well with the findings from the study where practitioners reported that some patients was not satisfied with Invisalign.

Though Invisalign are effective and have clear advantages, they also have some limitations. For example

Lanteri et al. [20] points that Invisalign systems are restricted by the complexity to change the device after it has been developed and set for installation. Likewise, a review by Galan-Lopez et al. [8] established there is no c Invisalign was not a clear recommended therapeutic recommendations to be made based on excellent scientific findings solution for malalignments in nongrowing persons, There may be need to use extra aligners in cases where the patient is not satisfied [21,22]. Like Han [23], Gao, et al. [24] also noted that though Invisalign may be preferred by most patients, this advantage may be hindered by the long duration required by the approaches same to other appliances.

# CONCLUSION

The present study sought to examine the effectiveness of Invisalign in treatment of malaligned teeth in KSA. In the recent past innovative changes have taken place in the dentistry sector that has led to various innovative ways of solving aesthetic requirements of the patient. Generally, the patients who get Invisalign set-ups are adults suffering from different dental cases such as crowding, spacing, and incisor and flaring. Invisalign devices are associated with reduce negative aspects and toxic reactions from gingival tissue, reducing the risk of periodontal disease. Invisalign has been more effective, and this is underlined by the fact that many patients prefer this solution compared to available options.

# RECOMMENDATIONS

From the findings, the first solution for the treatment of orthodontic patients should be Invisalign because of its effectives. However, this effectiveness can be enhanced by the use of removable Invisalign devices to provide orthodontic treatment.

# **FUTURE RESEARCH**

Future research should focus on the patient's views regarding the reasons behind preferring Invisalign to validate the views of orthodontic medical practitioners.

# REFERENCES

- 1. Ansari FM, Kanish Aggarwal D, Brar RS, et al. Invisalign: Boom in new era of orthodontia: A review. 2020.
- 2. Weir T. Clear aligners in orthodontic treatment. Australian Dent J 2017; 62:58-62.
- 3. https://www.invisalign.com/treatable-cases
- 4. Hennessy J, Al-Awadhi EA. Clear aligners generations and orthodontic tooth movement. J Orthod 2016; 43:68-76.
- 5. Hosny MAA, Alasmari FS, Alsaidi NM, et al. Indications, advantages, disadvantages and effectiveness of Invisalign aligners. Int J Community Med Public Health 2021.
- 6. Khosravi R, Cohanim B, Hujoel P, et al. Management of overbite with the Invisalign

appliance. Am J Orthod Dentofac Orthop 2017; 151:691-9.

- 7. Papadimitriou A, Mousoulea S, Gkantidis N, et al. Clinical effectiveness of Invisalign® orthodontic treatment: A systematic review. Progress Orthod 2018; 19:1-24.
- 8. Galan-Lopez L, Barcia-Gonzalez J, Plasencia E. A systematic review of the accuracy and efficiency of dental movements with Invisalign®. Korean J Orthod 2019; 49:140.
- 9. Rossini G, Parrini S, Castroflorio T, et al. Efficacy of clear aligners in controlling orthodontic tooth movement: A systematic review. Angle Orthod 2015; 85:881-9.
- 10. Aljabaa AH. Clear aligner therapy––Narrative review. J Int Oral Health 2020; 12:1.
- 11. Shahiqi DI, Dogan S, Krasniqi D, et al. Psychosocial impact of malocclusion in adolescents in Kosovo. Community Dent Health 2021.
- 12. Nahoum HI. Forces and moments generated by removable thermoplastic aligners. Am J Orthod Dentofac Orthop 2014; 146:545-6.
- 13. Kim MY, Park JH, Jung NY, et al. The influence of sleep quality of patients at initial stage of orthodontic treatment. J Korean Society Dent Hygiene 2014; 14:343-51.
- 14. Haralur SB, Addas MK, Othman HI, et al. Prevalence of malocclusion, its association with occlusal interferences and temporomandibular disorders among the Saudi sub-population. Oral Health Dent Manag 2014; 13:164-9.
- 15. Alharbi F. The prevalence of malocclusion traits in Saudi Arabia 2015–2019: An epidemiological cross sectional study. J Int Oral Health 2020; 12:129.
- 16. Azeem M, Hamid WU. Incidence of white spot lesions during orthodontic clear aligner therapy. J World Fed Orthod 2017; 6:127-30.
- 17. Chen J, Wan J, You L. Speech and orthodontic appliances: A systematic literature review. Eur J Orthod 2018; 40:29-36.
- Hansa I, Katyal V, Ferguson DJ, et al. Outcomes of clear aligner treatment with and without dental monitoring: A retrospective cohort study. Am J Orthod Dentofac Orthop 2021; 159:453-9.
- 19. Almasoud NN. Pain perception among patients treated with passive self-ligating fixed appliances and Invisalign® aligners during the first week of orthodontic treatment. Korean J Orthod 2018; 48:326-32.
- 20. Lanteri V, Farronato G, Lanteri C, et al. The efficacy of orthodontic treatments for anterior crowding with Invisalign compared with fixed appliances using the peer assessment rating index. Quintessence Int 2018; 49.
- 21. Wiedel AP, Bondemark L. A randomized controlled trial of self-perceived pain, discomfort,

and impairment of jaw function in children undergoing orthodontic treatment with fixed or removable appliances. Angle Orthod 2016; 86:324-30.

- 22. Anthony SN, Zimba K, Subramanian B. Impact of malocclusions on the oral health-related quality of life of early adolescents in Ndola, Zambia. Int J Dent 2018; 2018.
- 23. Han JY. A comparative study of combined periodontal and orthodontic treatment with fixed

appliances and clear aligners in patients with periodontitis. J Periodont Implant Sci 2015; 45:193-204.

24. Gao M, Yan X, Zhao R, et al. Comparison of pain perception, anxiety, and impacts on oral healthrelated quality of life between patients receiving clear aligners and fixed appliances during the initial stage of orthodontic treatment. Eur J Orthodont 2021; 43:353-9.